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3 Hours / 100 Marks Seat No. (1) All questions are compulsory. Instructions:

- (2) Illustrate your answers with **neat** sketches **wherever** necessary.
- (3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Marks

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- **1.** A) Attempt **any six** of the following:
 - a) List any four operations performed on data structure.
 - b) Define the term algorithm. Also list approaches to design an algorithm.
 - c) State any two differences between linear search and binary search.
 - d) Define the terms pointer and NULL pointer.
 - e) Define tree. State its two types.
 - f) Give complexity of following methods:
 - i) Bubble sort
 - ii) Radix sort
 - iii) Linear search
 - iv) Binary search.
 - g) State any two applications of graph.
 - h) Define following terms:
 - i) Height of tree
 - ii) Degree of a node.
 - B) Attempt **any two** of the following:

a) Describe with example, time complexity and space complexity of an algorithm.

- b) Perform radix sort on the following list to arrange all array elements in ascending order:
 - 18, 253, 1000, 2, 80, 75, 58

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- c) Define following terms:
 - 1) Priority Queue
 - 2) Dequeues
 - 3) Queue as an Abstract Data Type
 - 4) Empty Queue.

2. Attempt **any four** of the following:

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- a) Describe working of selection sort method with suitable example.
- b) Write a 'C' program to display Fibonacci series using recursive function.
- c) Describe with example advantage of doubly linked list over linear linked list.
- d) With suitable example, describe preorder traversal of tree. Also write algorithm for preorder traversal.

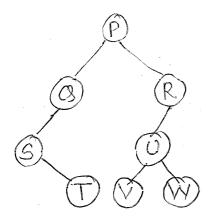
[2]

- e) Write a 'C' program to insert an element in a queue.
- f) Write a 'C' program to perform bubble sort on array of size N.

3. Attempt any four of the following:

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- a) Describe stack as an abstract data type.
- b) Define circular queue. Also describe advantage of circular queue over linear queue.
- c) Describe how to delete a node from linear linked list.
- d) Differentiate between general tree and binary tree (Any four points).
- e) Define binary tree. Traverse the following tree in inorder, preorder and postorder.



f) Describe concept of hashing with example. Also describe problem of collision in hashing.



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Marks

4. Attempt any four of the following:

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- a) Describe classification of data structure with example of each.
- b) Describe following terms with suitable diagram:
 - i) Stack overflow
 - ii) Stack underflow.
- c) Describe working of dequeue with suitable example.
- d) With example, describe how circular linked list works when a node is deleted from beginning of list.
- e) Write a 'C' program to insert new node at the end of linear linked list.
- f) Draw an expression tree for following expression:

$$(a^3 + b^2 + c + de)^7 / (5f - 3h)^2$$
.

5. Attempt **any two** of the following:

16

a) Describe working of binary search method. Give stepwise procedure to search 65 in the following list:

b) Convert following infix expression into a postfix expression. Show all steps.

$$(P + (Q * R - (S/T \uparrow U) * V) * W)$$

c) Describe Depth First Search traversal of graph with example.

6. Attempt **any two** of the following:

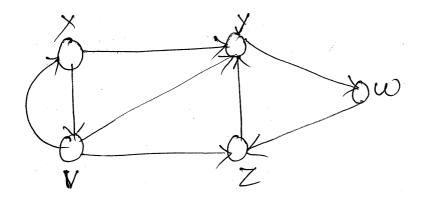
16

- a) Describe push and pop operations on stack. Also write algorithm for push and pop operations.
- b) i) Create a binary search tree using following elements:

ii) Write an algorithm to insert a node in a binary search tree.



c) Consider the graph 'G' in following figure:



- i) Find all simple path from X to Z.
- ii) Find indegree and outdegree of nodes Y and Z.
- iii) Find adjacency matrix A for the above graph.
- iv) Give adjacency list representation of above graph.