# Maharashtra State Board of Technical Education (MSBTE)

I – Scheme

II – Semester Course Curriculum

Course Title: Applied Science (EE, IE, IS) (Course Code: .....)

| Diploma Programme in which this course is offered               | Semester in which offered |  |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| Electrical Engineering, Industrial Electronics, Instrumentation | Second                    |  |
| Engineering   | Second                    |  |

## 1. RATIONALE

Diploma engineers have to deal with various materials and machines. The study of concepts and principles of science like capacitance and current electricity, electromagnetic induction and alternating current, photo-sensors and LASER, water treatment and analysis, electrochemistry and batteries, metals, alloys, insulators and others will help them in understanding the engineering courses where emphasis is laid on the applications. This course is developed in the way by which fundamental information will help the diploma engineers to apply the concepts and principles of advanced science in various engineering applications to solve broad based problems.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Apply principles of advanced physics and chemistry to solve broad based engineering problems.

# **3.** COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following *industry oriented* COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- a. Use relevant capacitors in electrical circuits.
- b. Use equipment/instruments based on radioactive and ultrasonic principles.
- c. Use equipment/instruments based on photoelectric effect, X-Ray and LASER.
- d. Select relevant water treatment process for various applications.
- e. Use relevant batteries for different applications.
- f. Use relevant metals, alloys and insulating materials in various applications.

# 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

| Г  | Teaching Total Credits |   | Examination Scheme |           |        |        | ne        |     |       |    |     |
|----|------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|-----|-------|----|-----|
| 1  | Scheme                 | ) | (L+T+P)            |           | Theory |        | Practical |     | Total |    |     |
| (I | (In Hours)             |   | Marks              |           | Marks  |        | Marks     |     |       |    |     |
| L  | Т                      | Р | С                  |           | ESE    | PA     | ESE       | PA  |       |    |     |
| 4  | -                      | r | Applied            | Physics   | 2      | с<br>С | 35        | 15* | 15    | 10 |     |
| 4  | _                      | 2 | Science            | Chemistry | 2      | 2      | 35        | 15* | 15    | 10 | 150 |

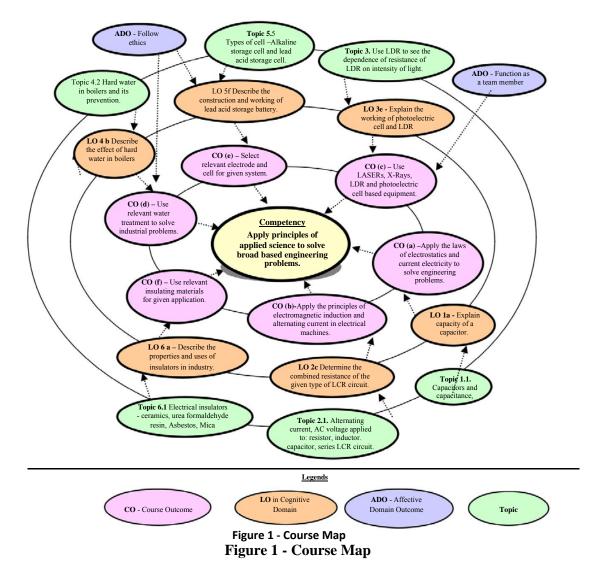
(\*): Under the theory PA; Out of 30 marks, 10 marks is for micro-project assessment (5 marks each for Physics and Chemistry) to facilitate attainment of COs and the remaining 20 marks for tests and assignments given by the teacher.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment

*Note: Practical of Chemistry and Physics will be conducted in alternate weeks for each batch.* 

5. **COURSE MAP** (with sample COs, Learning Outcomes i.e. LOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.



#### 6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals/exercises/tutorials in this section are psychomotor domain LOs (i.e.subcomponents of the COs), to be developed and assessed in the student to lead to the attainment of the competency.

| S.  | Practical Exercises   | Unit | Approx.          |
|-----|---|------|------------------|
| No. | (Learning Outcomes in Psychomotor Domain)   | No.  | Hrs.<br>Required |
|     | Physics   |      |                  |
| 1   | <ul><li>i) Use condensers to increase and decrease the equivalent capacity of the circuit.</li><li>ii) Determine the characteristics of condenser using RC circuit.</li></ul>   | Ι    | 02*              |
| 2   | <ul><li>i) Use meter bridge to determine the equivalent resistance of the conductors in series and parallel.</li><li>ii) Use meter bridge to estimate specific resistance of a given wire</li></ul>                     | Ι    | 02               |
| 3   | <ul><li>i) Use potentiometer to compare emf of two cells</li><li>ii) Use potentiometer to find internal resistance of a cell</li></ul>  | Ι    | 02               |
| 4   | Use resonance tube to determine velocity of sound.  | II   | 02*              |
| 5   | Use ultrasonic distance – meter to measure distance.  | II   | 02               |
| 6   | <ul><li>i) Use photoelectric cell to see the dependence of photoelectric current on intensity of light.</li><li>ii) Use photoelectric cell to see the dependence of photoelectric current on plate potential.</li></ul> | III  | 02               |
| 7   | Use LDR to see the dependence of resistance of LDR on intensity of light.   | III  | 02*              |
| 8   | Use He Ne LASER to find the divergence of LASER beam with distance.   | III  | 02               |
|     | Chemistry   |      |                  |
| 9   | Determine alkalinity of water sample and chloride content in the given water sample by Mohr's method.   | IV   | 02*              |
| 10  | Determine total hardness (temporary hardness and permanent hardness) of water sample by EDTA method.  | IV   | 02               |
| 11  | Determine specific conductance and equivalence conductance of given salt sample solution.   | V    | 02*              |
| 12  | Determine equivalence point of acetic acid and ammonium hydroxide using conductivity meter.   | V    | 02               |
| 13  | Determine the rate of sulphation in lead acid storage battery.  | V    | 02               |
| 14  | Prepare the Thiokol rubber.   | VI   | 02               |
| 15  | Separate two miscible liquids like acetone and water using distillation technique.  | VI   | 02*              |
| 16  | Determine acid value of given resin.  | VI   | 02               |
|     | Total   |      | 32               |

Note

- *i.* A suggestive list of practical LOs is given in the above table, more such practical LOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicial mix of minimum 12 or more practical LOs/tutorials need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '\*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- *ii. Hence, the 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each LO of the laboratory/workshop/field work are to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:*

| S. No. | Performance Indicators                  | Weightage in % |  |  |  |
|--------|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| 1      | Preparation of experimental set up      | 20             |  |  |  |
| 2      | Setting and operation                   | 20             |  |  |  |
| 3      | Safety measures                         | 10             |  |  |  |
| 4      | Observations and Recording              | 10             |  |  |  |
| 5      | Interpretation of result and Conclusion | 20             |  |  |  |
| 6      | Answer to sample questions              | 10             |  |  |  |
| 7      | Submission of report in time            | 10             |  |  |  |
|        | Total 100                               |                |  |  |  |

Additionally, the following affective domain LOs (social skills/attitudes), are also important constituents of the competency which can be best developed through the above mentioned laboratory/field based experiences:

- a. Follow safe practices.
- b. Practice good housekeeping.
- c. Practice energy conservation.
- d. Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- e. Follow ethical practices.

The development of the attitude related LOs of Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy', the achievement level may reach:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
  'Organising Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year
  'Characterising Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### **MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED** 7.

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

| S.  |  | Exp. S.   |
|-----|--|-----------|
| No. | Equipment Name with Broad Specifications   | No.       |
| 1   | Digital multimeter : 3 1/2 digit display, 9999 counts digital multimeter                   | 1,2,3,6,7 |
|     | measures: V <sub>ac</sub> , V <sub>dc</sub> (1000V max), A <sub>dc</sub> , A <sub>ac</sub> |           |
|     | $(10 \text{ amp max})$ , Hz, Resistance $(0 - 100 \text{ M}\Omega)$ ,                      |           |
|     | capacitance and Temperature  |           |
| 2   | Micrometer screw gauge : Range : 0-25mm, Resolution: 0.01mm                                | 2         |
|     | Accuracy $\pm 0.02$ mm or better   |           |
| 3   | Resistance Box: 4 decade ranges from 1 ohm to $1K\Omega$ , accuracy 0.1 % - 1 %            | 1,2,3,6,7 |
|     |  |           |
| 4   | Battery eliminator : 0- 12 V ,2A   | 1,2,3,6,7 |
| 5   | Meter bridge ,Galvanometer and Jockey  | 2         |
| 6   | Potentiometer  | 3         |
| 7   | Ultrasonic distance meter  | 5         |
| 8   | Resonance tube, tuning fork  | 4         |
| 9   | Daniel cell and Leclanche cell.  | 2         |
| 10  | LASER kit  | 8         |
| 11  | Conductivity meter; conductivity range – 0.01 uS/cm to 200 mS/cm, Cell                     | 11,12     |
|     | constant – digital 0.1 to 2.00; Temp. range – 0 to 100 oC                                  |           |
| 12  | Electronic balance, with the scale range of 0.001g to 500g. pan size 100 mm;               | All       |

| S.<br>No. | Equipment Name with Broad Specifications                     | Exp. S.<br>No. |
|-----------|--|----------------|
|           | response time 3-5 sec.; power requirement 90-250 V, 10 watt. |                |
| 13        | Simple distillation unit                                     | 15             |

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics/subtopics should be taught and assessed in order to develop LOs in cognitive domain for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency.

| Unit  | Major Learning Outcomes  | Topics and Sub-topics   |
|---|--|---|
|   | (in cognitive domain)  |   |
|   | Physics  |   |
| and<br>Capacitanc<br>e  | <ul> <li>1a. Explain working of a capacitor.</li> <li>1b. Calculate the equivalent capacity<br/>and energy stored in the<br/>combination of capacitors</li> <li>1c. Calculate the voltage in various<br/>components of electric circuit.</li> <li>1d. Calculate the value of the given<br/>resistance using the principle of<br/>Wheatstone's bridge.</li> <li>1e. Calculate the emf of the given<br/>cell using potentiometer.</li> </ul>   | <ol> <li>1.1 Capacitors and capacitance.</li> <li>1.2 Parallel plate capacitor, effect of<br/>dielectric on capacitance</li> <li>1.3 Combination of capacitors, energy<br/>stored in a capacitor.</li> <li>1.4 Cells, emf of cell, internal<br/>resistance of cell, Kirchhoff's law.<br/>Wheatstone's bridge.</li> <li>1.5 Potential gradient, potentiometer.</li> </ol>  |
| Unit– II<br>Radioactiv<br>ity and<br>Ultrasonic<br>Waves      | <ul> <li>2a. Describe the phenomenon of radioactivity with examples.</li> <li>2b. Calculate half-life period of given radioactive substance.</li> <li>2c. Calculate the value of the period, frequency and velocity of the given type of wave.</li> <li>2d. Describe the properties of ultrasonic waves.</li> <li>2e. Explain Piezo-electric effect.</li> <li>2f. Explain the production of ultrasonic waves and the equipment using it.</li> <li>2g. Describe the Doppler effect and the instruments using it.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>2.1 Radioactivity, α, β and γ particles/<br/>rays and their properties,</li> <li>2.2 Radioactive decay law, half-life<br/>period.</li> <li>2.3 Sound waves, amplitude, frequency,<br/>time - period wave-length and<br/>velocity of wave, relation between<br/>velocity, frequency and time -<br/>period of wave.</li> <li>2.4 Ultrasonic waves, properties of<br/>ultrasonic waves.</li> <li>2.5 Piezo-electric effect. Piezo<br/>materials: Types: Natural: Quartz,<br/>Synthetic: Gallium orthophosphate</li> <li>2.6 Generation of ultrasonic waves<br/>using Piezo electric effect.</li> <li>2.7 Applications of ultrasonic waves.</li> <li>2.8 Doppler Effect and its applications.</li> </ul> |
| Unit– III<br>Photo<br>electricity,<br>X-Rays<br>and<br>LASERs | <ul> <li>3a. Explain concept of photoelectric effect.</li> <li>3b. Explain the working of photoelectric cell and LDR with sketches.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>3.1 Planck's hypothesis, properties of photons, Photo electric effect: threshold frequency, threshold wavelength, stopping potential, Work function, characteristics of photoelectric effect, Einstein's photoelectric equation.</li> </ul>  |

| Unit  | Major Learning Outcomes   | Topics and Sub-topics  |
|---|---|--|
|   | <ul> <li>(in cognitive domain)</li> <li>3c. Explain the production of X-Rays with its properties and applications.</li> <li>3d. Differentiate between LASER and given colour of light</li> <li>3e. Describe the lasing action of a typical LASER system and its applications.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>3.2 Photoelectric cell and LDR:<br/>principle, working and applications.</li> <li>3.3 Production of X-rays by Modern<br/>Coolidge tube, properties and<br/>applications of X-rays.</li> <li>3.4 Laser, properties of laser,<br/>absorption, spontaneous and<br/>stimulated emission,.</li> <li>3.5 Population inversion, active<br/>medium, optical pumping, three<br/>energy level system, He-Ne Laser,</li> </ul>   |
| Unit-IV<br>Water<br>treatment<br>and<br>analysis    | <ul> <li>Chemistry</li> <li>4a. Describe the concept of hardness.</li> <li>4b. Calculate the hardness of water<br/>for the given data.</li> <li>4c. Describe the effects of hard water<br/>in boilers.</li> <li>4d. Explain the given type of water<br/>softening process.</li> <li>4e. Describe the purification of<br/>municipal water for the given<br/>process.</li> <li>4f. Describe the reverse osmosis<br/>process for the given type of<br/>water.</li> <li>4g. Describe the process of<br/>desalination of water.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>applications of Laser.</li> <li>4.1 Hardness: Types of hardness, soap<br/>solution method, EDTA method.</li> <li>4.2 Effect of hard water in boilers and<br/>prevention: Boiler corrosion,<br/>caustic embrittlement, priming and<br/>foaming, scales and sludges</li> <li>4.3 Water softening: Lime soda<br/>process (hot lime soda and cold<br/>lime soda process), zeolite process,<br/>ion exchange process (cation<br/>exchange and anion exchange).</li> <li>4.4 Municipal water treatment:<br/>Sedimentation, coagulation,<br/>filtration and sterilization.</li> <li>4.5 Waste water: Characteristics, BOD<br/>and COD, Sewage treatment,<br/>recycling of waste water.</li> <li>4.6 De-salination process by reverse<br/>osmosis.</li> </ul> |
| Unit –V<br>Electroche<br>mistry<br>and<br>Batteries | <ul> <li>5a. Differentiate the electrical conductance in metals and electrolytes</li> <li>5b. Identify factors affecting conductivity of the given solution.</li> <li>5c. Describe construction of given electrodes.</li> <li>5d. Describe the process of calculation of the strength of acid and base.</li> <li>5e. Calculate specific and equivalent conductance of given electrolyte.</li> <li>5f. Describe construction and working of given type of battery.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>5.1 Electrical conductance in metals<br/>and electrolytes, specific<br/>conductance, equivalent<br/>conductance, cell constant.</li> <li>5.2 Conductance: Nature of solute,<br/>nature of solvent, temperature,<br/>concentration or dilution.</li> <li>5.3 Electrodes: Hydrogen electrode,<br/>calomel electrode and glass<br/>electrode</li> <li>5.4 Conductometric Titration:</li> <li>5.5 Batteries- Dry cell, alkaline battery,<br/>lead Acid storage cell and Ni-Cd<br/>battery, H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> fuel cell, Lithium ion<br/>battery.</li> </ul>   |

| Unit               | Major Learning Outcomes<br>(in cognitive domain) | Topics and Sub-topics   |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Unit-VI<br>Metals, |  | <ul> <li>6.1 Properties of metals like copper,<br/>aluminium, tungsten, platinum<br/>nickel.</li> <li>6.2 Thermocouple alloy: Composition<br/>and characteristics of nickel alloy,<br/>platinum/rhodium, tungsten/<br/>rhenium, chromel-gold/iron.</li> <li>6.3 Electrical insulators: Classification,<br/>Solid - ceramics, mica, asbestos,<br/>urea formaldehyde resin and glass.<br/>Liquid-silicon fluid, Gaseous-inert<br/>gases, hydrogen and nitrogen gas.</li> <li>6.4 Types of rubber : Natural and,<br/>synthetic, processing of natural<br/>rubber. Synthetic rubber :<br/>Properties and applications of<br/>Buna-N, Thiokol, Neoprene.</li> <li>6.5 Process industry unit operations:<br/>Evaporation, condensation,<br/>Distillation, Energy balance and<br/>mass balance for above processes.</li> </ul> |
|                    |  | 6.6 Nanomaterials: Applications of<br>Fullerence, Graphine  |

*Note:* To attain the COs and competency, above listed Learning Outcomes (LOs) need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

| Unit | Unit Title                          | Teachin | Distribution of Theory Marks |       |       |       |
|------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| No.  |                                     | g Hours | R                            | U     | Α     | Total |
|      |                                     |         | Level                        | Level | Level | Marks |
|      | Physics                             |         |                              |       |       |       |
| Ι    | Capacitance and current electricity | 14      | 03                           | 05    | 06    | 14    |
| II   | Radioactivity and ultrasonic waves  | 09      | 02                           | 02    | 06    | 10    |
| III  | Photo electricity, X-rays and LASER | 09      | 03                           | 04    | 04    | 11    |
|      | Chemistry                           |         |                              |       |       |       |
| IV   | Water treatment and analysis        | 12      | 02                           | 04    | 06    | 12    |
| V    | Electrochemistry and Batteries.     | 10      | 02                           | 03    | 06    | 11    |
| VI   | Metals, Alloys, Insulators.         | 10      | 03                           | 04    | 05    | 12    |
|      | Total                               | 64      | 64                           | 15    | 22    | 70    |

*Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of LOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

# **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a. Seminar on any relevant topic.
- b. Survey regarding Engineering Material used in different industries.
- c. Prepare power point presentation or animation for showing applications of lasers.

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various learning outcomes in this course:

- a. Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b. 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- c. About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning and assess the development of the LOs/COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- d. With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.

# **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. S/he ought to submit it by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of practicals, cognitive domain and affective domain LOs. The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than 16 (sixteen) student engagement hours during the course.

In the first two semesters, the micro-project could be group-based. However, in higher semesters, it should be individually undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. A suggestive list is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a. Capacitors: Prepare the models of various types of capacitors.
- b. **Current electricity:** Make one circuit with bulbs/ LED/ connected in parallel or series.
- c. Photosensors: Prepare working model of simple photosensor using LED.
- d. LASER: Prepare the presentation on the industrial application of LASER.
- e. **Water analysis**: Collect water samples from different water sources and determined the acidity, conductivity, dissolved solids, suspended particles in the sample.
- f. **Water treatment:** Collect 3 to 5 water samples from borewell and determined the dosage of bleaching powder required for its sterilization.
- g. Water analysis: Determine the soap foaming capacity of bore water on addition of soda ash.

- h. **Energy sources**: Prepare chart showing different types of energy sources with their advantages.
- i. Electrolytic Cells: Collect fruit and vegetable and prepare working model of cell.
- j. **Electric Insulators:** Collect the samples of different insulators and list their industrial applications .
- k. **Thermocouple**: Prepare chart showing different types of thermocouples with their characteristics used in electronic and electrical industry .

| S.<br>No. | Title of Book                           | Author  | Publication   |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| 1         | Physics Textbook<br>Part I - Class XI   | Narlikar, J. V.; Joshi,<br>A. W.; Mathur,<br>Anuradha; <i>et al</i> | National Council of Education Research<br>and Training, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN :<br>8174505083 |
| 2         | Physics Textbook<br>Part II - Class XI  | Narlikar, J. V.; Joshi,<br>A. W.; Mathur,<br>Anuradha; <i>et al</i> | National Council of Education Research<br>and Training, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN :<br>8174505660 |
| 3         | Physics Textbook<br>Part I - Class XII  | Narlikar, J.V.; Joshi,<br>A. W.; <i>et al</i>                       | National Council of Education Research<br>and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN :<br>8174506314 |
| 4         | Physics Textbook<br>Part II - Class XII | Narlikar, J.V.; Joshi,<br>A. W.; <i>et al</i>                       | National Council of Education Research<br>and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN :<br>8174506713 |
| 5         | Concepts of Physics<br>Vol1 &2          | Verma, H. C.  | Bharati Bhawan, New Delhi,2015<br>ISBN: 8177091875  |
| 6         | Engineering<br>Chemistry                | Agarwal, Shikha   | Cambridge university press ; New Delhi,2015 ISBN : 9781107476417                              |
| 7         | Engineering<br>Chemistry                | Dara, S. S.   | S.Chand. Publication, New Delhi,<br>2013, ISBN: 8121997658                                    |
| 8         | Engineering<br>Chemistry                | Jain & Jain   | Dhanpat Rai and sons; New Delhi,<br>2015, ISBN : 9352160002                                   |
| 9         | Engineering<br>Chemistry                | Dr.Vairam, S.   | Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.2013<br>ISBN: 9788126543342   |
| 10        | Chemistry for<br>engineers              | Agnihotri, Rajesh   | Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.2014<br>ISBN: 9788126550784   |

## **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. http://nptel.ac.in/course.php?disciplineId=115
- b. http://nptel.ac.in/course.php?disciplineId=104
- c. http://hperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hph.html
- d. www.physicsclassroom.com
- e. www.physics.org
- f. www.fearofphysics.com
- g. www.sciencejoywagon.com/physicszone
- h. www.chemistryteaching.com
- i. www.visionlearning.com
- j. www.chem1.com
- k. www.onlinelibrary.wiley.com

- l. www.rsc.org
- m.www.chemcollective.org
- n. www.wqa.org
- o. www.em-ea.org