

# PRACTICAL

# FILE



**Department: Computer Science and Engineering**

**Session: July - December**

**Subject: Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Lab**

**Subject Code: BTCS-309**

**Semester: 3<sup>rd</sup>**



## Syllabus

- 1.[Classes and Objects]Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined inside a class.
- 2.[Classes and Objects]Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined outside a class.
- 3.[Classes and Objects]Write a program to demonstrate the use of static data members.
- 4.[Classes and Objects]Write a program to demonstrate the use of const data members.
- 5.[Constructors and Destructors]Write a program to demonstrate the use of zero argument and parameterized constructors.
6. [Constructors and Destructors]Write a program to demonstrate the use of dynamic constructor.
- 7.[Constructors and Destructors]Write a program to demonstrate the use of explicit constructor.
- 8.[Initializer Lists]Write a program to demonstrate the use of initializer list.
- 9.[Operator Overloading]Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of increment and decrement operators.
- 10.[Operator Overloading]Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of binary arithmetic operators.
- 11.[Operator Overloading]Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of memory management operators.
- 12.[Typecasting]Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of basic type to class type.
- 13.[Typecasting]Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to basic type.
- 14.[Typecasting]Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to class type.
- 15.[Inheritance]Write a program to demonstrate the multilevel inheritance.
- 16.[Inheritance]Write a program to demonstrate the multiple inheritance.
- 17.[Inheritance]Write a program to demonstrate the virtual derivation of a class.
- 18.[Polymorphism]Write a program to demonstrate the runtime polymorphism.
- 19.[Exception Handling]Write a program to demonstrate the exception handling.

20.[Templates and Generic Programming]Write a program to demonstrate the use of function template.

21.[Templates and Generic Programming]Write a program to demonstrate the use of class template.

22.[File Handling]Write a program to copy the contents of a file to another file byte by byte. The name of the source file and destination file should be taken as command-line arguments,

23.[File Handling]Write a program to demonstrate the reading and writing of mixed type of data.

24.[File Handling]Write a program to demonstrate the reading and writing of objects.



## List of Practical

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Topic</b>
1	Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined inside a class.
2	Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined outside a class.
3	Write a program to demonstrate the use of static data members.
4	Write a program to demonstrate the use of const data members.
5	Write a program to demonstrate the use of zero argument and parameterized constructors.
6	Write a program to demonstrate the use of dynamic constructor.
7	Write a program to demonstrate the use of explicit constructor.
8	Write a program to demonstrate the use of initializer list.
9	Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of increment and decrement operators.
10	Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of binary arithmetic operators.
11	Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of memory management operators.
12	Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of basic type to class type.
13	Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to basic type.
14	Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to class type.
15	Write a program to demonstrate the multilevel inheritance.
16	Write a program to demonstrate the multiple inheritance.
17	Write a program to demonstrate the virtual derivation of a class.
18	Write a program to demonstrate the runtime polymorphism.
19	Write a program to demonstrate the exception handling.
20	Write a program to demonstrate the use of function template

21	Write a program to demonstrate the use of class template.
22	WAP to copy the contents of a file to another file.
23	WAP to demonstrate the read and write of file operation
24	Write a program to demonstrate the reading and writing of objects.
25.	*Write a program Concept of Abstraction, Data Hiding, and Encapsulation.

\*Learning Beyond Syllabus Write a program Concept of Abstraction, Data Hiding, and Encapsulation.



## Experiment 1

**AIM:** Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined inside a class.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class book
{
Private:

int bookno;
char bname[30];
char auname[30];
float bprice;

public:

void getdata()
{
cout<<"enter the details"<<endl;
cout<<"enter the book no";
cin>>bookno;
cout<<"enter the book name";
cin>>bname;
cout<<"enter author name";
cin>>auname;
cout<<"enter the book price";
cin>>bprice;
}

void display()
{
cout<<"enter the record"<<endl;
cout<<"book no"<<book no<<endl;
cout<<"book name"<<bname<<endl;
cout<<"author name"<<auname<<endl;
cout<<"book price"<<bprice<<endl;
}
};

void main()
{
class book obj;
clrscr();
obj.getdata();
```

```
obj.display();  
getch();  
}
```

**Output:**

```
enter the details  
enter the book no 145  
enter the book name c  
enter author name abc  
enter book price 162
```

```
enter the record  
book no 145  
book name c  
author name abc  
book price 162
```



## Experiment 2

**AIM:** Write a program that uses a class where the member functions are defined outside a class.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class book
{
private:

int bookno;
char bname[30];
char auname[30];
float bprice;

public:

void getdata();
void display();
};

void book::void getdata()
{
cout<<"enter the details"<<endl;
cout<<"enter the book no";
cin>>bookno;
cout<<"enter the book name";
cin>>bname;
cout<<"enter author name";
cin>>auname;
cout<<"enter the book price";
cin>>bprice;
}

void book ::void display()
{
cout<<"enter the record"<<endl;
cout<<"book no"<<book no<<endl;
cout<<"book name"<<bname<<endl;
cout<<"author name"<<auname<<endl;
cout<<"book price"<<bprice<<endl;
}
void main()
{
class book obj;
```



```
clrscr();  
obj.getdata();  
obj.display();  
getch();  
}
```

**Output:**

```
enter the details  
enter the book no 147  
enter the book name oops  
enter author name abc  
enter book price 200
```

```
enter the record  
book no 147  
book name oops  
author name abc  
book price 200
```



## Experiment 3

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of static data members.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class item
{
private:

static int count;
int n;

public:

void in(int x)
{
n=x;
count++;
}
void displaycount()
{
cout<<"count=";
cout<<count<<endl;
}
};
int item::count;
void main()
{ item p1,p2;
clrscr();
p1.displaycount();
p2.displaycount();
p1.in(7);
p2.in(8);
cout<<"after input value"<<endl;
p1.displaycount();
p2.displaycount();
getch();
}
```

**Output:**

```
count=0
count=0
after input value
count=1
count=2
```



## Experiment 4

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of const data members.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class date
{
private:

int month, day, year;
date()
{
}
public:

date (int nm, int nd, int ny)
{
setdate(nm,nd,ny);
}

void setdate (int nm, int nd, int ny)
{
month = nm;
day = nd;
year = ny;
}

int getmonth() const
{
return month;
}

int getday() const
{
return day;
}

int getyear() const
{
return year;
}
};

void printdate (const date &cdate)
{
```

```
cout<<cdate.getmonth();
cout<<cdate.getday();
cout<<cdate.getyear();
cout<<"/"<<cdate.getyear()<<endl;}
int main ()
{
clrscr();
const date cdate (1,10,2013)
printdate (cdate);
getch();
return 0;
}
```

**Output:**

1/10/2013



## Experiment 5

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of zero argument and parameterized constructors.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

class demo
{
private:

int m,n;

public:

demo (int a, int b)
{
m=a;
n= b;
}

void display()
{
cout<<" The values are";
cout<<m<<endl<<n;
}
};

void main()
{
Demo obj (5,6);
obj.display();
}
```

### Output:

```
The values are
5
6
```



## Experiment 6

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of dynamic constructor.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

class dyncons
{
private:
int *p;

public:

dyncons()
{
p=new int;
*p=10;
}

dyncons(int v)
{
p= new int;
*p=v;
}

int dis()
{
return(*p);
}};

void main()
{
clrscr();
dyncons o,o1(9);
cout<<"the value of object o's p is:";
cout<<o.dis();
cout<<"\n the value of object of o1's p is:"<<o1.dis();
getch();
}
```

### Output:

The value of object o's p is: 10  
The value of object o1's p is: 9



## Experiment 7

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of explicit constructor.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

class explicit
{

Int data;

public:

explicit (int a):data(a)
{
cout<<"A::constructor...\n";
cout<<"value of data :="<<data<<endl;
}
};

int main()
{
explicit a1=37;
return 0;
getch();
}
```

### Output:

```
A::constructor.....
Value of data:=37
```



## Experiment 8

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the use of initializer list.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

class point
{
private:
int x,y;

public:

point (int i=0, int j=0) : x(i),y(j){}
int getx() const{return x;}
int get y() const {return y;}
};

int main()

{

clrscr();
point t1(10,15);
cout<<"x="<<t1.getx()<<" ";
cout<<"y="<<t1.gety();
getch();
return 0;

}
```

**Output:**

```
x = 3
y =27
```





## Experiment 9

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of increment and decrement operators.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
class overloading
{
    int value;

public:

    void setValue(int temp)
    {
        value = temp;
    }

    overloading operator+(overloading ob)
    {
        overloading t;
        t.value=value+ob.value;
        return(t);
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout<<value<<endl;
    }
};

int main()
{
    overloading obj1,obj2,result;
    int a,b;
    cout<<"Enter the value of Complex Numbers a,b:";
    cin>>a>>b;
    obj1.setValue(a);
    obj2.setValue(b);
    result = obj1+obj2;
    cout<<"Input Values:\n";
    obj1.display();
    obj2.display();
    cout<<"Result:";
    result.display();
    getch();
    return 0;
}
```

**Output:**

Enter the value of Complex Numbers a,b:10

5

Input Values:

10

5

Result:15



## Experiment 10

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of binary arithmetic operators.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>

class airthmatic
{
float n;

public:
void get()
{
cout<<"\n enter number:\n";
cin>>n;
}
arithmetic operator +(airthmatic &a)
{
arithmetic t;
t.n=n+a.n;
return t;
}
arithmetic operator -(airthmatic &a)
{
arithmetic t;
t.n=n-a.n;
return t;
}
arithmetic operator *(airthmatic &a)
{
arithmetic t;
t.n=n*a.n;
return t;
}
arithmetic operator /(airthmatic &a)
{
arithmetic t;
t.n=n/a.n;
return t;
}
void display()
{
cout<<n;
}
};
```

```
void main()
{
arithmetic a1,a2,a3;
clrscr();
a1.get();
a2.get();
a3 = a1+a2;
cout<<"\n addition of two number:";
a3.display();
a3 = a1-a2;
cout<<"\n subtraction of two number:";
a3.display();
a3 = a1*a2;
cout<<"\n multiplication of two number:";
a3.display();
a3 = a1/a2;
cout<<"\n division of two number:";
a3.display();
getch();
}
```

### **Output:**

Enter number 12  
Enter number 3  
Addition of two number : 15  
Subtraction of two number : 9  
Multiplication of two number : 36  
Division of two number : 4



## Experiment 11

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the overloading of memory management operators.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

class op
{
public:
void *operator new(size_tsize,char const*file, int line);
void operator delete(void *p);
}
void *op::operator new (size_tsize,char const*file, int line)
{
void *p=malloc(size);
cout<<"\n new called:"<<file<<"\n line"<<line;
cout<<"\n size"<<size<<"\n p:"<<p<<endl;
return p;
}
void op::operator delete (void *p)
{
cout<<"\n deletecalled:"<<p<<endl;
free(p);
}
void main()
{
clrscr();
op *x= new(--file,--,--Line--)op;
delete x;
getch();
}
```

### Output:

```
new called 11.cpp
line 25
size 1
p:0x8fc20de4
delete called 0x8fc20de4
```



## Experiment 12

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of basic type to class type.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
class distance
{
int feet,inch;
public:
distance()
{
m=m*100;
m=m*393700787;
inch=int(m)%12;
feet= m/12;
}
operator float()
{
float m;
m=((feet*12)+inch)*2.54;
m=m/100;
return(m);
}
void putdata()
{
cout<<feet<<"feet";
cout<<inch<<"inch";
}
};
void main()
{
clrscr();
float meter;
cout<<"\n enter the length in meter:";
cin>>meter;
distance d1;
d1=meter;
cout<<"\n basic to class conversion";
d1.putdata();
getch();
}
```

**Output:**

```
enter the length in meter: 45
basic to calss conversion
147 feet 7 inch
```



## Experiment 13

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to basic type.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class distance
{
int feet,inch;
public:
distance()
{
feet=0;
inch=0;
}
void getdata()
{
cout<<"\nEnter the feet and inch ";
cin>>feet>>inch;
}
operator float()
{
float m;
m=((feet*12)+inch)*2.54;
m=m/100;
return(m);
}
};
void main()
{
clrscr();
distance d2;
d2.getdata();
float meter=d2;
cout<<"\nClass to Basic conversion\nlength= "<<meter;
getch();
}
```

**Output:**

```
enter the feet and inch 6
4
class to basic conversion
length = 4.9784
```



## Experiment 14

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the typecasting of class type to class type.

```
# include <iostream.h>
# include <conio.h>
class in1
{
int code,items;
float price;
public:
in1(int a,int b,int c)
{
code=a;
items=b;
price=c;
}
void putdata()
{
cout<<"CODE= "<<code<<endl;
cout<<"ITEMS= "<<items<<endl;
cout<<"VALUE= "<<price<<endl;
}
int getcode()
{
return code;
}
int getitems()
{
return items;
}
int getprice()
{
return price;
}
operator float ()
{
return items*price;
}
};

class in2
{
int code;
float value;
public:
```



```

in2()
{
code=0;
value=0;
}
in2(int x,float y)
{
code=x;
value=y;
}
void putdata()
{
cout<<"CODE= "<<code<<endl;
cout<<"VALUE= "<<value<<endl;
}
in2(in1 p)
{
code=p.getcode();
value=p.getitems()*p.getprice();
}
};

void main()
{
clrscr();
in1 s1(100,51,145.0);
float tot_value;
in2 d1;
tot_value=s1;
d1=in1(s1);
cout<<"PRODUCT DETAILS INVENT-1 TYPES:->"<<endl;
s1.putdata();
cout<<"STOCK VALUE"<<endl;
cout<<"VALUE= "<<tot_value<<endl;
cout<<"PRODUCT DETAILS INVENT-2 TYPES:->"<<endl;
d1.putdata();
getch();
return 0;
}

```

### **Output:**

```

Product details invent-1 types:
Code=100
Items=51
Value=145
Stock value = 7395
Product details invent- 2 types:
Code=100
Value=7395

```



## Experiment 15

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the multilevel inheritance.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class top //base class
{
public :
int a;
void getdata()
{
cout<<"\n\nEnter first Number :::\t";
cin>>a;
}
void putdata()
{
cout<<"\nFirst Number Is :::\t"<<a;
}
};
class middle :public top // class middle is derived_1
{
public:
int b;
void square()
{
getdata();
b=a*a;
cout<<"\n\nSquare Is :::"<<b;
}
};
class bottom :public middle // class bottom is derived_2
{
public:
int c;
void cube()
{
square();
c=b*a;
cout<<"\n\nCube :::\t"<<c;
}
};
int main()
{
clrscr();
bottom b1;
b1.cube();
getch();
}
```

```
return 0;  
}
```

**Output:**

Enter first number:12

Squae is: 144

Cube is:1728



## Experiment 16

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the multiple inheritance.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class student
{
protected:
int rno,m1,m2;
public:
void get()
{
cout<<"Enter the Roll no :";
cin>>rno;
cout<<"Enter the two marks :";
cin>>m1>>m2;
}
};
class sports
{
protected:
int sm; // sm = Sports mark
public:
void getsm()
{
cout<<"\nEnter the sports mark :";
cin>>sm;
}
};
class statement:public student,public sports
{
int tot,avg;
public:
void display()
{
tot=(m1+m2+sm);
avg=tot/3;
cout<<"\n\n\tRoll No : "<<rno<<"\n\tTotal : "<<tot;
cout<<"\n\tAverage : "<<avg;
}
};
void main()
{
clrscr();
statement obj;
obj.get();
obj.getsm();
obj.display();
}
```

```
getch();  
}
```

**Output:**

Enter the roll no :1251634

Enter the two marks:56

65

The sports marks:64

Roll no: 1251634

Total: 190

Avg: 63



## Experiment 17

**AIM:** Write a program to demonstrate the virtual derivation of a class.

```
#include<iostream.h>

#include<conio.h>

class student
{
    int rno;
public:
    void getnumber()
    {
        cout<<"Enter Roll No:";
        cin>>rno;
    }
    void putnumber()
    {
        cout<<"\n\n\tRoll No:"<<rno<<"\n";
    }
};

class test:virtual public student
{
public:
    int part1,part2;
    void getmarks()
    {
        cout<<"Enter Marks\n";
        cout<<"Part1:";
        cin>>part1;
        cout<<"Part2:";
        cin>>part2;
    }
    void putmarks()
    {
        cout<<"\tMarks Obtained\n";
        cout<<"\n\tPart1:"<<part1;
        cout<<"\n\tPart2:"<<part2;
    }
};

class sports:public virtual student
{
public:
    int score;
```

```

void getscore()
{
    cout<<"Enter Sports Score:";
    cin>>score;
}
void putscore()
{
    cout<<"\n\tSports Score is:"<<score;
}
};

class result:public test,public sports
{
    int total;
public:
void display()
{
    total=part1+part2+score;
    putnumber();
    putmarks();
    putscore();
    cout<<"\n\tTotal Score:"<<total;
}
};

void main()
{
    result obj;
    clrscr();
    obj.getnumber();
    obj.getmarks();
    obj.getscore();
    obj.display();
    getch();
}

```

## Output:

Enter Roll No: 200

Enter Marks

Part1: 90

Part2: 80

Enter Sports Score: 80

Roll No: 200

Marks Obtained

Part1: 90

Part2: 80

Sports Score is: 80

Total Score is: 250



## Experiment 18

**AIM: WAP to demonstrate Run time Polymorphism**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Account
{
protected:
int acc_no;
public:
Account(int ac)
{
acc_no = ac;
}
virtual void display()
{ } //Empty Virtual Function
};

class Saving: public Account
{
int sav_amount;
public:
Saving(int ac, int s_am):Account(ac)
{
sav_amount = s_am;
}
void display();
};
void Saving::display()
{
cout<<"The Saving Account No : " <<acc_no<<endl;
cout<<"The Saving Account Amount : " <<sav_amount<<endl;
}

class Current: public Account
{
int cur_amount;
public:
Current(int ac, int c_am): Account(ac)
{
cur_amount = c_am;
}
```



```
void display();
};

void Current::display()
{
cout<<"The Current Account No : "<<acc_no<<endl;
cout<<"The Current Account Amount : "<<cur_amount<<endl;
}

void main()
{
Saving sav(01, 5000);
Current cur(02, 10000);
clrscr();
Account *acc; //Base Class Pointer

acc = &sav;
acc->display(); //display() From Saving Class

acc = &cur;
acc->display(); //display() From Current Class.
getch();
}
```

### **Output:**

```
The Saving Account No : 1
The Saving Account Amount : 5000
The Current Account No : 2
The Current Account Amount : 10000
```



## Experiment 19

**AIM: WAP to demonstrate the exception handling.**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a,b,c;
    float d;
    clrscr();
    cout<<"Enter the value of a:";
    cin>>a;
    cout<<"Enter the value of b:";
    cin>>b;
    cout<<"Enter the value of c:";
    cin>>c;

    try
    {
        if((a-b)!=0)
        {
            d=c/(a-b);
            cout<<"Result is:"<<d;
        }
        else
        {
            throw(a-b);
        }
    }

    catch(int i)
    {
        cout<<"Answer is infinite because a-b is:"<<i;
    }

    getch();
}
```

**Output:**

Enter the value for a: 20  
Enter the value for b: 20  
Enter the value for c: 40

Answer is infinite because a-b is: 0



## Experiment 20

**AIM: WAP to demonstrate the use of function template.**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
template<class t>

void swap(t &x,t &y)
{
    t temp=x;
    x=y;
    y=temp;
}
void fun(int a,int b,float c,float d)
{
    cout<<"\na and b before swaping :"<<a<<"\t"<<b;
    swap(a,b);
    cout<<"\na and b after swaping  :"<<a<<"\t"<<b;
    cout<<"\n\nc and d before swaping :"<<c<<"\t"<<d;
    swap(c,d);
    cout<<"\nc and d after swaping  :"<<c<<"\t"<<d;
}
void main()
{
    int a,b;
    float c,d;
    clrscr();
    cout<<"Enter A,B values(integer):";
    cin>>a>>b;
    cout<<"Enter C,D values(float):";
    cin>>c>>d;
    fun(a,b,c,d);
    getch();
}
```

### Output:

```
Enter A, B values (integer): 10 20
Enter C, D values (float):  2.50 10.80
```

```
A and B before swaping: 10 20
A and B after swaping:  20 10
```

```
C and D before swaping: 2.50 10.80
C and D after swaping: 10.80 2.50
```



## Experiment 21

**AIM: WAP to demonstrate the use of class template.**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

template<class t>
class cuboid
{
private:
    t a;t b;t c;
public:
    cuboid(t x,t y,t z)
    {
        a=x;
        b=y;
        c=z;
    }
    void volume()
    {
        t v;
        v=a*b*c;
        cout<<"Volume is : "<<v<<endl;
    }
};

void main()
{
    clrscr();
    cuboid <int> c1(2,3,4);
    c1.volume();
    cuboid<float>c2(5.6,1.4,3.2);
    c2.volume();
    getch();
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Volume is : 24

Volume is : 25.087999



## Experiment 22

**AIM: WAP to copy the contents of a file to another file.**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<iomanip.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<fstream.h>

void main( )
{
    ofstream outfile;
    ifstream infile;
    char fname1[10],fname2[20];
    char ch,uch;
    clrscr( );
    cout<<"Enter a file name to be copied ";
    cin>> fname1;
    cout<<"Enter new file name";
    cin>>fname2;
    infile.open(fname1);

    if( infile.fail( ) )
    {
        cerr<< " No such a file Exit";
        getch();
        exit(1);
    }
    outfile.open( fname2);
    if(outfile.fail( ))
    {
        cerr<<"Unable to create a file";
        getch();
        exit(1);
    }
    while( !infile.eof( ) )
    {
        ch = (char) infile.get( );
        uch = toupper(ch);
        outfile.put(uch);
    }
}
```

```
    infile.close( );  
    outfile.close( );  
    getch( );  
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

Enter a file name to be copied.

C:\text1.txt

Enter new file name

D:\new.txt

Input file

Asbcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

Output file

ASBCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ



## Experiment 23

**AIM:**WAP to demonstrate the read and write of file operation.

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    char c,u;
    char fname[10];
    clrscr();
    ofstream out;
    cout<<"Enter File Name:";
    cin>>fname;
    out.open(fname);
    cout<<"Enter the text(Enter # at end)\n"; //write contents to file
    while((c=getchar())!='#')
    {
        u=c-32;
        out<<u;
    }
    out.close();
    ifstream in(fname); //read the contents of file
    cout<<"\n\n\t\tThe File contains\n\n";
    while(in.eof()==0)
    {
        in.get(c);
        cout<<c;
    }
    getch();
}
```

### Output:

```
Enter File Name: two.txt
Enter contents to store in file (enter # at end)
oops programming
The File Contains
OOPS PROGRAMMING
```



## Experiment 24

**AIM:** WAP to demonstrate the reading and writing of objects.

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<fstream.h>
class student
{
int roll_no;
char name[20];
public:
void read()
{
cin>>roll_no>>name;
}
void show()
{
cout<<roll_no<<name;
}
};
void main()
{
clrscr();
student s1;
s1.read();
ofstream out("stu.txt",ios::binary);
out.write((char*)&s1,sizeof(s1));
ifstream in("stu.txt",ios::binary);
in.read((char*)&s1,sizeof(s1));
s1.show();
getch();
}
```

**Output:**

```
1140831
radha
1140831 radha
```





## Experiment 25

**AIM: Write a program Concept of Abstraction, Data Hiding, and Encapsulation.**

```
#include<math.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>

class quadratic
{
private:
double a,b,c;
public:
void read();
void funcroots();
};

void quadratic::read()
{
cout<<"Enter coefficients of Quadratic Eq. a,b,c";
cin>>a>>b>>c;
}

void quadratic::funcroots()
{
if(a==0)
{
cout<<"\nEquation is not quadratic";
exit(0);
}
else
{
double disc;
disc=b*b-4 *a*c;
if(disc<0)
cout<<"\nRoots are Imaginary";
else if(disc==0)
{
double x=-b/(2*a);
cout<<"\nRoots are Equal,x= u"<<x;
}
else
{
double m,n,t;
t=sqrt(disc);
m=( -b+t)/(2*a);
n=(-b-t)/(2*a);
cout<<"\nRoots are Real and Unequal"<<endl;
}
}
}
}
```

```
        cout<<"m="<<m<<endl;
        cout<<"n="<<n;
    }
}

void main()
{
    clrscr();
    quadratic q1 ;
    q1.read();
    q1.funcroots();
    getch();
}
```

### **Output:**

Enter Coefficients of quadratic eq a,b,c10  
20  
65  
Roots are imaginary