

17633

15116

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions* –
- (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (6) Use of non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

- 1. a) Attempt any THREE of the following :** **12**
- (i) List out any four advantages of optical fiber communication over conventional electrical communication.
 - (ii) Justify for lower bandwidth applications multimode fiber are commonly used instead of single mode fiber.
 - (iii) Sketch constructional diagram of LED and write its operating principle.
 - (iv) Compare LASER and LED on the basis of spectral width, efficiency, operating principle and application.

P.T.O.

b) Attempt any ONE of the following :**6**

- (i) State the condition at which fiber splicing is required. List and compare different types of fiber splicing.
- (ii) Define following terms –
 - (1) Reflection
 - (2) Refraction
 - (3) Absorption
 - (4) Radiation
 - (5) Scattering
 - (6) Dispersion

2. Attempt any FOUR of the following :**16**

- a) State the effect of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. Give examples for each effect.
- b) Compare fusion splice and mechanical splice. (Any four factors)
- c) A optical fiber has a core refractive index of 1.50 and cladding refractive index of 1.47. Calculate critical angle at the core-cladding interface and numerical aperture (NA) for the fiber.
- d) Sketch constructional diagram for surface emitting LED and edge emitting LED and label it.
- e) State working principle of core interactive and surface interaction type fiber couplers.
- f) Sketch block diagram of optical time domain reflectometer and list out its any four specifications.

- 3. Attempt any FOUR of the following :** **16**
- a) Sketch block diagram of optical fiber communication system and state the importance of each block.
 - b) Define the term intermodal dispersion why multimode graded index show less intermodal dispersion as compare to multimode step index fiber.
 - c) State type of connector which can give insertion loss and state their features –
 - (i) 1.00 to 1.5 – 0 dB
 - (ii) 0.20 to 0 – 70 dB
 - d) List out SOWET signal hierarchy from STS-1 to STS-12 with line rate in M bit/sec.
 - e) Sketch block diagram of digital optical system and state functions of each block.
- 4. a) Attempt any THREE of the following :** **12**
- (i) List out types of fiber as per index profile and mode profile.
 - (ii) State advantages of PIN diode and advantages of photo diode.
 - (iii) A graded index fiber has a paraholic refractive index profile ($\alpha = 2$) and a core diameter of 50 μm . Calculate insertion loss due to a 3 μm lateral misalignment at a fiber joint when there is a index matching. Assume uniform illumination of all guided mode.
 - (iv) Sketch block diagram and state features of hybrid multichannel analog and digital optical system.
- b) Attempt any ONE of the following :** **6**
- (i) When the mean optical power launched into a 8 km length of fiber is 120 μw the mean optical power at the fiber output is 3 μw . Calculate the overall signal attenuation in decibel, signal attenuation per kilometer for the fiber, the over all signal attenuation for a 10 km optical link using the same fiber with splices at 1 km intervals each giving an attenuation of 1 dB.

- (ii) For photodetector, illustrate the term responsivity, photodetector noise, dark current.

Calculate responsivity of the photo diode at 0.85 μm , when 3×10^{10} photons each with wavelength of 0.85 μm are incident on a photo diode, on average 1.2×10^{10} electrons are collected at the terminals of the device.

5. Attempt any FOUR of the following : 16

- a) List out two standards used for optical fiber communication component testing. List out band designation used in OFC. (Any two)
- b) State the process to calculate bending loss in fiber optic cable.
- c) Justify angular misalignment give joint loss. Hence state factors for this type of loss.
- d) With neat diagram state working principle of RV by LASER.
- e) With neat diagram, illustrate wavelength division multiplexing.
- f) Differentiate between analog and digital optical system. (Any four factors)

6. Attempt any FOUR of the following : 16

- a) List out characteristics of GaAs injection LASER and YAG LASER. (Two each).
 - b) State the process of light emission in gas LASER.
 - c) Sketch constructional diagram and state functions of each element of optical fiber.
 - d) State working principle and advantages of avalanche photo diode.
 - e) List out any four features of SONET standard.
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